EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

FOR EXPANSION OF STEEL MANUFACTURING UNIT

M/S SURYA STEEL INDUSTRIES

Village-Ambey Majra, Mandigobindgarh, District-Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab.

Prepared by

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1.0 Project Name and location

The proposed project of **M/s Surya Steel Industries** is located at Village-Ambey Majra Mandi gobindgarh, District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab.

2.0 Products and capacities

It proposes to replace the existing Induction Furnace (I.F) of 7 TPH capacity to 25 TPH capacity and upgradation of rolling Mill. The capacity of unit after expansion will be 1,22,500 TPA of Steel Ingots/ Billets, Ingots, Round, Square, Bars and Flats.

After expansion the production details will be as under:

Product Name	Existing (TPA)	Proposed (TPA)	Total (TPA)
Steel Billets/ Ingots	29,400	93,100	1,22,500
Round, Square, Bars			
and flats			

3.1 Land Area

The industry is already having 3.556 Acres or 14422m² of land. The land is enough to carry out the expansion. Thus, the proposed expansion will be carried out in the existing land

3.2 Raw Material Requirement

The raw materials and finished goods will be transported through trucks. There is well developed road structure on, Mandi Gobindgarh as well as within premises also. No additional road infrastructure will be required for transportation. The raw material details are

Raw Material	Existing (TPA)	Proposed (TPA)	Total (TPA)
MS Scrap, CI, Sponge Iron,	32,250	1,01,750	1,34,000
Ferro Alloys			
Source & Transport	Local & International Markets &		rkets &
	transport through covered Trucks.		

given as under:

3.3 Water Requirement

Water consumption in the unit shall be for twin purpose namely domestic and make up water for cooling tower (CT). Water requirement will be met through existing tube well. The detail of water requirement and water balance is given below:-

Water Requirement

DESCRIPTION	EXISTING (KLD)	ADDITIONAL (KLD)	TOTAL (KLD)
Domestic	4.5 KLD	2.25 KLD	6.75 KLD
Cooling (makeup water)	25KLD	60 KLD	85 KLD
Total	29.5 KLD	62.25 KLD	91.75 KLD

3.4 Power Requirement

The Power Requirement will be met by sourcing the power from Punjab State Power Corporation limited from nearby Sub-station. The detail of power requirement existing & after expansion is given below:-

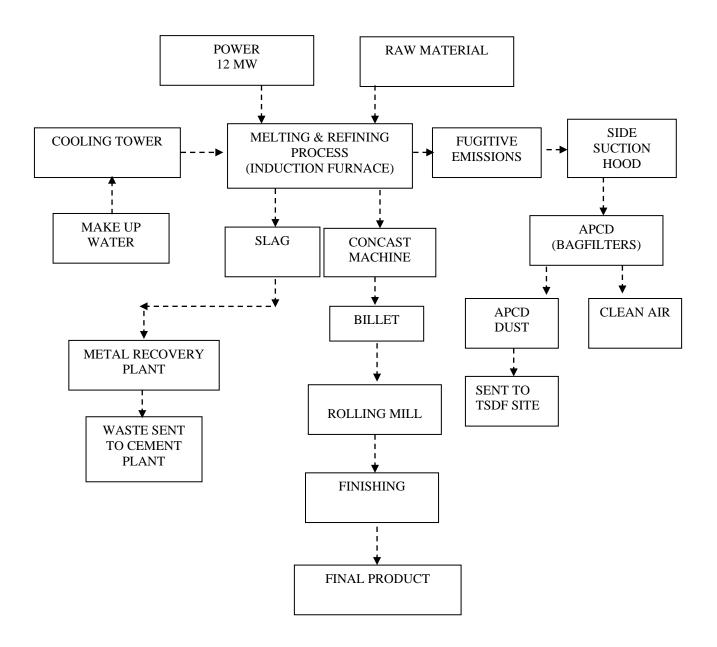
Power Requirement

DESCRIPTION	EXISTING (KW)	PROPOSED (KW)	TOTAL (KW)
Power	4000	8000	12000
Source	Punjab State Power Corporation Limited, Punjab		

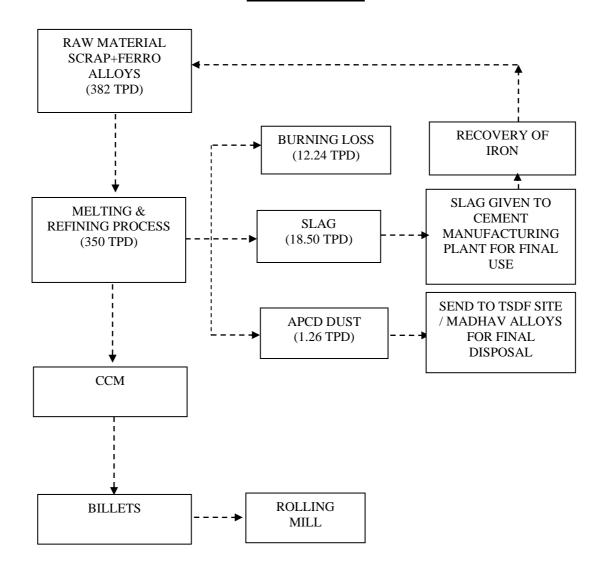
3.5 Manpower Requirement

There are about 100 persons working in the unit. After expansion about 150 persons will be working in the unit.

FLOW DIAGRAM OF PROCESS



Material Balance



5.0 Description of Mitigation Measures

The purpose of mitigation measures is to avoid, reduce or minimize unwanted impacts on the environment. To minimize & control the emission from I.F, the exhaust after suction through side suction hood is passed through spark arrestor, air cooling and finally bag filters before its discharge to atmosphere. DG set is fitted with a canopy and adequate stack to take care of noise and particulate & gaseous emission. About 18.50 TPD of slag which is not a H.W will be generated and the same after recovering of iron will be supplied to manufacturers of cement concrete blocks, pavers & tiles under proper agreement. Treated waste water from septic tank will be used for plantation within the industrial premises. The industry is regularly operating and maintaining its APCD and ensuring that the emissions are adequately collected and concentration of air pollutants in its emissions conforms to the emission standards laid down by the board

6.0 Cost Details

The total cost of the project after expansion will be Rs 27.78 Cr including cost of expansion. The proposed expansion will be done within one year after granting of Environment Clearance

7.0 Site Details

M/s Surya Steel Industries is situated at Village Ambey Majra, Mandi Gobindgarh District Fatehgarh Sahib, Punjab having its global Latitude 30°38′24.08″N, 30°38′26.44″N, 30°38′21.49″N, 30°38′21.52″N & Longitude 76°18′47.09″E, 76°18′51.73″E, 76°18′51.82″E, 76°18′47.09″E. Mandigobindgarh is the nearest city and also the railway station (about 2.5 Km). Nearest airport is Chandigarh which is at 46 km from site. No National Parks/ Wildlife Sanctuaries/ Biosphere Reserves/ Reserved Forests exist within 5 km radius of project site.

8.0 Baseline Environmental Data and their impacts

Various Environmental factors as existing in the study area which are liable to be affected by the activities have been assessed both quantitatively and qualitatively. Baseline environmental data generation of study area was carried out during the period 15-May – 15-June-2021 and 15 September to 15 November, 2021.

8.1 Ambient Air Quality

The PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, SO₂, NO₂, CO levels were monitored at eight locations in the study area for four months (15-May - 15-June-2021 and 15 September to 15 November, 2021). The P98 levels of criteria pollutants are as follows: PM_{2.5} is 48.6 μ g/m³, PM₁₀ is 92.4 μ g/m³, SO₂ is 16.7 μ g/m³, NO₂ is 36.2 μ g/m³ and CO is 0.61mg/ m³. The baseline air quality level is within the National Ambient Air Quality Standards prescribed for industrial, residential, rural & other

area and also satisfies the air quality index (AQI) w.r.t. health bracket for all the monitoring. (Standards are 60, 100, 80, 80μg/m³ and 4.0mg/m³ for PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, SO₂, NO_x and CO respectively). Due to better pollution abatement facilities, proposed expansion will have insignificant impact on existing air quality.

8.2 Water Quality:

Eight groundwater samples and one surface water sample were collected from the study area for physical, chemical and bacteriological analysis. The groundwater quality of the study is satisfactory. No physical or bacterial contamination was found in the water quality. Since, no waste water will be discharged on land, water quality is not likely to be impacted.

8.3 Noise Environment

Ambient noise levels were monitored at 8 locations in the study area. Noise levels in the project site was found to be 74.3 dB (A) in day time and 59.6 dB (A) at night. The highest levels were observed at Project Site. The baseline noise levels are well within the National Standards. Proposed expansion will have less impact than existing one due to better pollution control facility.

8.4 Soil Quality

Eight soil samples were collected from the study area and analyzed. The texture of soil is sandy loam. The organic matter, nitrogen, potassium and phosphorus content of the soil are moderate. The pH of all the soil samples is within the acceptable range. No impact on soil will be there for proposed plant as no waste will be discharged on land.

8.5 Ecological environment

Ecological data has been collected through secondary sources and by site visits. The tree species kikar, Jamun, Peepal and Mango etc are the dominant plant species of the study area. Mongoose, porcupine, jungle cat, cobra, krait, snakes, hare, pigeon and variety of birds are the common animals of the study area. No endangered species of plants and animals are found in the study area, so no impact on ecological environment.

Within the study area, no plant or animal species were found to be on the endangered list. No ecologically sensitive area like biosphere reserve, tiger reserve, and migratory corridors of wild elephant, wetland, national park and wildlife sanctuary are present in the study area. Agriculture and industrial workers dominate the occupational structure of the study area.

Several induction furnaces, rolling mills, ferroalloy plants, brick kilns, and other small units are present in the study area.

8.7 Socioeconomic Condition:

Socioeconomic status has been studied through secondary sources and by site visits. The social requirements identified such as Drinking water requirement, Promotion of Educational institutions and Medical facilities to the villagers (especially Senior Citizens and infants or pregnant ladies). Community centers, recreation facilities etc will also be developed as part of social responsibility.

9.0 Possible Hazards & Risks from Secondary Metallurgical Industries

The various process operations, which are having potentially high risk to human exposure and which have high levels of attention area identified in **Table.**

Table: Possible Risk

S.No	Plant Area	Possible Deviation from normal operation	Likely Causes	Consequences
1	Furnace	Re-circulating and cooling water coming in	Leakage of water	Explosion under
		contact with the molten iron or slag.	from the walls	extreme cases.
			Spurting of	
			metal/ slag.	
		Presence of Oil & Grease and other	Fire	Sudden catches fire
		Impurities in raw materials.		& flames
2	High Power	Oil temperature being very high.	Varying room	Sudden flashing of
	Transformer		Temperatures.	fire or bursting.
3	High Tension	Heavy sparking at the pot heads and the	Loose joints,	Sparks in the
	Electrical	joints.	cable cut, burningbeginning,	
	Installation		of fuses, short	devastating fire if
			circuits etc.	neglected.

10.0 Emergency Plan

Emergency planning is primary for the protection of plant personnel and people in nearby areas and the environment that could be affected by unplanned hazardous events. Furnaces are associated with fire and electrical hazard due to sudden generation of pressure or temperature that leads to damage, injury and death. Temperature and pressure are closely related, and when flammable or combustible mixture is present in process equipment that leads to worst consequences. Thus, an engineering evaluation will be done for worst-case

scenario.

11.0 CER Activities (Corporate Environmental Responsibility)

The corporate environment responsibility & Enterprise Social Commitment based on issued raised during the public hearing and those prescribed by the competent authority shall be executed as part of EMP, the detail of which shall be provided in final EIA report.

12.0 Environment Monitoring Plan

Regular monitoring of all significant environmental parameters is essential to check the compliance status vis-à-vis the environmental laws and regulation. The frequency of the monitoring will be as follows:

- ➤ The ambient Air quality shall be monitored at project site and two upward and downstream locations once every quarter for PM_{2.5}, PM₁₀, NO_x & SO₂, and CO levels during the Construction Phase and Operational Phase.
- ➤ The Ambient Noise Levels, Water Quality, Effluent etc. shall also be monitored once every six months or as per EC conditions.